Case 5:01-cv-20810-JF Document 66 Filed 08/03/06 Page 1 of 5 \*\*Original filed 8/3/06\*\* 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 NOT FOR CITATION 9 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 10 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 GRADY ARNOLD, No. C 01-20810 JF (PR) 13 Petitioner, ORDER GRANTING 14 KTENSION OF TIME TO RESPONDENT TO RETRY VS. 15 PETITIONER D.L. RUNNELS, Warden 16 Respondent. 17 18 Petitioner, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, filed a petition for a writ of habeas 19 corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging his conviction in the Alameda Superior 20 Court for attempted robbery while armed with a firearm (Cal. Penal Code §§ 211, 664, 21 12022(a)(1)), possession of a firearm by a convicted felon (Cal. Penal Code § 22 12021(a)(1)) and shooting at an occupied building (Cal. Penal Code § 246). Petitioner 23 was sentenced to forty-one years-to-life in state prison. 24 On November 4, 2003, the Court denied the instant petition and entered judgment 25 for Respondent. Petitioner appealed this Court's denial of the petition. The Court denied 26 Petitioner's request for a certificate of appealability. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals 27 28 Order Granting Extension of Time to Respondent to Retry Petitioner P:\pro-se\sj.jf\hc.01\Arnold810misc

granted a certificate of appealability and reviewed this Court's denial of the petition. The Ninth Circuit reversed and remanded. See Arnold v. Runnels, 421 F.3d 859, 869-870 (9th Cir. 2005). On remand, the Ninth Circuit ordered this Court to issue a conditional writ of habeas corpus and require that the State of California release Petitioner from custody in this case, unless the State grants Petitioner a new trial within a reasonable period of time as determined by this Court. Id. On March 2, 2006, this Court issued an order conditionally granting the petition. The Court ordered that Petitioner must be released and his conviction vacated unless the State of California retries Petitioner within one-hundred and twenty (120) days. A copy of the Court's order was sent to the parties of record and sent by certified mail to the Alameda Superior Court.

On July 13, 2006, the Court ordered Respondent to show cause as to why this Court should not issue an unconditional order releasing Petitioner. The Court ordered Respondent to file a response and notify the Court of the current status of the underlying state criminal proceedings. On July 18, 2006, Petitioner, through his counsel, filed a response to the Court's Order to Show Cause and a declaration. On July 21, 2006, Respondent filed a response to the Order to Show Cause. On July 25, 2006, Petitioner filed a reply to Respondent's response.

## **DISCUSSION**

The parties have fully addressed the status of the underlying state proceedings in the papers submitted as of the date of this order. On June 28, 2006, Petitioner appeared before the Alameda Superior Court and the prosecution noted that it was initiating criminal proceedings against Petitioner. Petitioner's Response, Decl. of Amitai Schwartz, Exhibit 3 at 1-3. The Alameda County Public Defender asked the superior court to continue the case for two days to determine whether the office would accept the case. Id. The superior court agreed, noting that it was ready to set the case for trial on Monday July 3, 2006 and that there were judges available to try Petitioner's case. Id. at 3.

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On June 30, 2006, the Alameda Public Defender's Office accepted Petitioner's case and the superior court reiterated that trial proceedings could begin on Monday, July 3, 2006. Pet.'s Response, Decl. Of Amitai Schwartz, Exhibit 4 at 1. The public defender stated that Petitioner's counsel could not be ready by that date. Id. at 3-4. The superior court found that California's speedy trial statute began to run on that date, and it set further proceedings on July 6, 2006 and a trial date of August 7, 2006. Id. at 1, 4. On July 6, 2006, Petitioner's counsel requested a date for a motion to dismiss based upon the prosecution's alleged failure to comply with this Court's order. Pet.'s Response, Decl. Of Amitai Schwartz, Exhibit 5 at 2. The superior court set a motion hearing date for July 21, 2006, and noted the trial date was still on calendar for August 7, 2006. Id. at 2. In his Response to the Order to Show Cause, Respondent notes that the prosecution informed Respondent that Petitioner's counsel intends to continue the motion date for two weeks. See Resp't. Response at 3, n.4.

Habeas corpus is an equitable remedy, Schlup v. Delo, 513 U.S. 298, 319 (1995) and courts have "broad discretion in conditioning a judgment granting habeas relief." Hilton v. Braunskill, 481 U.S. 770, 775 (1987). "Indeed, 'federal courts may delay the release of a successful habeas petitioner in order to provide the State an opportunity to correct the constitutional violation found by the court." Gilmore v. Bertrand, 301 F.3d 581, 583 (7th Cir. 2002) citing to Hilton, 481 U.S. at 775.

Based upon the briefing, the Court concludes that Respondent has shown good cause for an extension of time beyond the Court's original one-hundred and twenty (120) day deadline for retrying Petitioner. Here, the state criminal proceedings were initiated against Petitioner well before the deadline. Petitioner's criminal proceeding is now subject to California's speedy trial statute pursuant to Cal. Penal Code §1382(a)(2). As the superior court noted, Petitioner's right to effective representation of defense counsel does not override this Court's order. Pet.'s Response, Decl. Of Amitai Schwartz, Exh. 4 at 4. This additional time period within which to retry Petitioner conforms with the Ninth Circuit's order on remand to issue a conditional writ of habeas corpus and require that the

1	1 State of California release Petitioner from custody in this case, unless	it grants Petitioner	
2	2 a new trial within a <i>reasonable</i> period of time as determined by this C	Court. <u>Arnold v.</u>	
3	Runnels, 421 F.3d at 869-870 (emphasis added). See also Gilmore, 3	01 F.3d at 583	
4	4 (district court had authority to grant the state an extension of time to d	comply with	
5	5 conditional writ); <u>Moore v. Zant</u> , 972 F. 2nd 318, 319, 320-21 (11th C	Cir. 1992) (district	
6	6 court did not err in granting state additional time to resentence petition	ner after state failed	
7	7 to act within original 180 day time period). Accordingly, the Court g	rants Respondent an	
8	extension of time to retry Petitioner within a reasonable period of time, subject to		
9	9 California's speedy trial act, and providing that petitioner's choice to	waive time, if	
10	10 necessary for preparation of the defense, shall not affect the reasonab	leness of the time	
11	period.		
12	DISPOSITION		
13	For the reasons stated above, Petitioner must be released and his conviction		
14	VACATED unless the State of California retries Petitioner within a reasonable time		
15	period. The underlying trial proceedings shall commence within <b>sixt</b>	y days of the date of	
16	this order, subject to the conditions set forth above. The Clerk of Con	art shall send a copy	
17	of this order to the Alameda Superior Court via certified mail.	of this order to the Alameda Superior Court via certified mail.	
18	18 IT IS SO ORDERED.		
19	19 DATED:8/3/06 /S/		
20	JEREMY FOGEL United States District Ju	udaa	
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1	A copy of this ruling was mailed to the following:
2	Amitai Schwartz, Esq. 2000 Powell Street
3	Suite 1286
4	Emeryville, CA 94608
5	Peggy S. Ruffra CA State Attorney General's Office
6	455 Golden Gate Ave Suite 11000
7	San Francisco, CA 94102-7004
8	Clerk, Alameda County Superior Court
9	Dept. 11 Rene C. Davidson County Courthouse
10	1225 Fallon Street Oakland, CA 94612
11	Oakianu, CA 94012
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